# A000091 BASIC SCIENCES

Integrated course

### 1. LANGUAGE

Inglese/English

#### 2. COURSE CONTENTS

Coordinator: Prof. Massimiliano Papi

Year Course: 2022/2023 (I anno)

Semester: 1

UFC: 16

Modules and lecturers:

- CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY (ML0365) - 6.66 CFU - SSD BIO/10

Prof. Federica lavarone, Alessandro Arcovito

- CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY PRACTICALS (ML0366) - 0.34 CFU - SSD BIO/10 Prof. Manuela Bozzi

- CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY: INTRODUCTION (A000092) - 1 CFU - SSD BIO/10 Prof. Alessandro Arcovito

- ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC MEASURES PRACTICALS (ML0370) - 1 CFU - SSD ING-INF/07

Prof. Giuseppe Maulucci, Valentina Palmieri, Massimiliano Papi, Gabriele Ciasca - LABORATORY (SAFETY AND HEALTH) (ML0011) - 0.3 CFU - SSD BIO/10

Prof. Enrico Di Stasio

- LABORATORY (SAFETY AND HEALTH) PRACTICALS (ML0015) - 0.7 CFU - SSD BIO/10 Prof. Manuela Bozzi

- PHYSICS I: INTRODUCTION (ML0014) - 1 CFU - SSD FIS/07

Prof. Flavio Di Giacinto

- PHYSICS II: MECHANICS (ML0368) - 1 CFU - SSD FIS/07

Prof. Massimiliano Papi

- PHYSICS III: THERMAL PHYSICS AND WAVES (ML0369) - 2 CFU - SSD FIS/07

Prof. Giuseppe Maulucci

- PHYSICS IV: ELECTROMAGNETISM (ML0019) - 2 CFU - SSD FIS/07

Prof. Gabriele Ciasca

#### 3. BIBLIOGRAPHY

# CHEMISTRY / BIOCHEMISTRY

Hein M, Arena S, Foundations of College Chemistry, 14<sup>th</sup> Edition John Wiley and Sons Inc. David L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox, Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, VIII edition, McMillan Learning

PHYSICS Douglas C. Giancoli, Physics: Principles with Applications with Mastering Physics with Get Ready for Physics (6th Edition), Pearson

Additional material, such as exercises and schemes, will be provided to complete, elaborate and update the contents discussed in each module.

### 4. LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The whole course is aimed at giving the student the principles of physics and chemistry with introduction to biochemistry and basic laboratory activities that are necessary for understanding

biomedical sciences.

At the end of the integrated course the student must demonstrate that he/she has reached the following objectives:

**Knowledge and understanding abilities** – demonstrate to understand the basic principles of chemistry and physics that are the foundations of the biomedical sciences.

**Applied knowledge and understanding skills –** demonstrate to be able to solve simple chemistry and physics exercises as well as to draw the chemical structures of the more important biomolecules

**Personal judgement –** the student must properly integrate the knowledge and skills learned showing that he/she has acquired the scientific method approach

**Communication skills** – be able to communicate scientific and applicative content in a clear and unambiguously way, using an appropriate technical language and explaining their personal conclusions, as well as the knowledge and rationale underlying them, to specialists and non-specialist interlocutors.

**Learning ability** – be able to autonomously integrate the information explained during lectures and practicals with the concepts in the text book.

# 5. PREREQUISITES

In order to better understand the topics of the course, students must have basic (high school level) knowledge of physics, chemistry and mathematics

### 6. teaching methods

The course is organized into lectures and practical sessions covering the topics included in all the teaching modules to provide the basic elements of Physics, Chemistry and elements of Biochemistry. The teaching methods implement active learning activities, such as problem-based learning, self-learning, experimental activities and exercises.

The adopted teaching methods allow students to pursue the learning objectives:

Knowledge and understanding abilities – all the topics listed in the program will be treated during frontal lectures and carefully explained with tutorials and exhaustive explanations, in order to provide students the appropriate knowledge and learning method.

Applied knowledge and understanding skills – the interactive teaching methods, including practical examples and laboratory practice exercises, will allow students to learn the applicative potential of the treated topics.

Personal judgement – the active learning modalities will enable students to independently formulate ideas and use critical reasoning.

Communication skills – the active learning modalities will stimulate active and constant interaction with the instructors, towards the progressive development of focused communication skills for the presentation of treated topics through a correct scientific language.

Learning ability – additional material (i.e. scientific articles and appropriate telematic

sources) will support students in their individual and autonomous study.

### 7. other informations

The instructors are available for further clarifications and discussions regarding the learning modules' topics and any possible related issue, also beside the classes timetable by appointment.

### 8. methods for verifying learning and for evaluation

The exam is composed of a written test comprising 50 multiple-choice quizzes divided into 2 blocks. The total time for the test is 2 hours.

- 1. Chemistry/Biochemistry 26 quizzes
- 2. Physics 24 quizzes

For each quiz a single correct answer is possible. Each correct answer corresponds to a score= 1, wrong/no answer correspond to score= 0. To pass the written test the student needs to answer correctly to at least 16 quizzes in module 1 and 14 quizzes in module 2.

The final score obtained in the written test is calculated according to the following scale:

30/50=18 31/50=18 32/50=19 33/50=1934/50=20 35/50=2136/50=2137/50=22 38/50=22 39/50=23 40/50=24 41/50=25 42/50=25 43/50=26 44/50=27 45/50=27 46/50=28 47/50=28 48/50=29 49/50=30 50/50 = 30 with honors

The minimum score that needs to be achieved to pass the written test is 18. Passing the written test will give access to a brief oral examination for Chemistry/Biochemistry. During the oral test the students will be asked an overall number of 4 questions, each scoring in the -1/+1 range. The final score achieved in the oral part will be then -4/+4 and will be added to the score achieved in the written test to calculate the final score. The student will be able to obtain the maximum final score (30/30 with honors) only if he/she achieved a minimum score of 27/30 at the written test.

The objective of the evaluation system is to verify:

the knowledge and understanding of the different aspects that are discussed in each module during the course (knowledge and understanding);t he ability to connect theoretical concepts and practical problems regarding the different aspects discussed during the course (Applied knowledge and understanding);

- the ability to integrate the themes treated in the different modules of the course (Personal judgement);
- the development of communication skills for the presentation of treated topics through a correct scientific language (Communication skills);
- the ability to autonomously delve into specific biomedical topics (Learning ability).

### 9. program

### <Chemistry/Biochemistry: introduction>

- Introduction to chemistry. The scientific approach to problem solving in chemistry. The particulate nature of matter. The physical states of matter. Names and symbols of the elements. Introduction to the periodic table. Elements and compounds. Chemical formulas. Conservation of mass. Conservation of energy. Heat. Early atomic theory and structure: the Dalton's model. Nature of the electric charge. Ions. Subatomic particles of the atom. Isotopes. Nomenclature of inorganic compounds, common and systematic names.

# <Laboratory (safety and health)>

- General description of the safety rules and the good laboratory practice. Standards for measurements. Scientific notation. Measure and uncertainty. Significant figures. The metric system. The mole concept. The Avogadro's number. Principles of stoichiometry and chemical reactions.

### <Chemistry/Biochemistry >

 Classification of chemical reactions. Chemical Thermodynamics -the Laws of Thermodynamics, Enthalpy, Entropy, Free Energy. Chemical Equilibrium. Equilibrium Constant. Le Chatelier - s Principle. Chemical Kinetics. Reaction Rates. Activation Energy and the Activated Complex. Catalysis. Solutions and their properties. Solubility. Hydrolysis of Salts. Solubility Product. Buffers. Oxidation-Reduction processes. Hydrogen and Oxygen in these processes. Standard Reduction Potentials. Colligative properties. Introduction to Organic Chemistry. Formulas. Naming and Classification of Organic Compounds. Resonance, delocalization, conjugation, and aromaticity. Hydrocarbons and their derivatives: Alkanes, Alkenes, Alkynes, Cycloalkanes. Alcohols. Ethers, epoxides, and sulfides. Amines, ketones and aldehydes. Carboxylic acids, esters and amides. Introduction to Biochemistry. Carbohydrates. Monosaccharides: Classification. Configuration, Optical Activity, Anomers, Epimers. Reactions of Monosaccharides. Glycosidic bond, reducing and nonreducing disaccharides. Polysaccharides, composition and properties. Nucleic Acids, Purine and Pirimidine structures. Lipids and Steroids. Classification, Structure, Properties. Chemical Reactions. Phospholipids and cell membranes. Amino Acids and their properties. Phosphoric acid. inorganic and organic phosphates. Important peptides. Protein structure and function. Globular proteins: Myoglobin and Hemoglobin. Structural proteins: collagen. Membrane proteins and receptors

### <Physics I: introduction>

Introduction to Physics; Models theory and laws; Theory of measurements; Units, standards and the International System; One-Dimensional Kinematics; Vectors in Physics; Two-Dimensional Kinematics.

### <Physics II: mechanics>

Newton's Laws of Motion. Force and Mass. Applications of Newton's Laws. Free body diagram. Dynamics and Static Equilibrium. Gravity, Friction forces. Elastic force and Hooke law. Momentum.

## <Physics III: Thermal physics and waves>

Work and Kinetic Energy. Potential Energy and Conservation of Energy. Molecules and Solids. Fluids. Temperature and Heat. Phases and Phase Changes. The Laws of Thermodynamics. Linear Momentum and Collisions. Waves and sound. .<Physics IV: Electromagnetism>

Electric charges: forces, and fields. Electric potential and electric potential energy. Electric current and direct-current circuits; Magnetism: magnetic flux and Faraday's law of induction. Alternating-current circuits. Electromagnetic waves.

### <Electric and electronic measures: Practicals>

A series of basic laboratory experience will cover the following topics: introduction to Estimating Measurement Uncertainty. Overview of primary standards. Measurement of resistance. Principles of operation of digital multimeters and calibrators. Measurement of direct voltage and current. Principles of calibration. Measurement of voltage and current. Reporting calibration data and uncertainties.

### <Laboratory (safety and health): Practicals>

- A series of basic laboratory experience will cover the following topics: measuring mass and volume, measuring temperature, quantitative composition of compounds. Definition of solution.

# <Chemistry/Biochemistry: Practicals >

- A series of basic laboratory experience will cover the following topics: titration of a strong acid using a strong base, titration of a weak acid using a strong base. Equivalence point. Buffer solutions.